

Screening

SOUTHVALE DEVELOPMENT SITE, STATION ROAD, HALTWHISTLE, NE49 0AH

Professional opinion



Contaminated Land

Low:

Acceptable Risk page 10 >



Flooding

Negligible

page 23 >

Consultant's guidance and recommendations inside.



Ground Stability

Identified

page 25 >



Radon

Identified

page 25 >



Energy

Identified

page 31 >



Planning Constraints

Identified

page 36 >



Transportation

Identified

page 35 >

A full assessment of transportation is available in our Energy and Transportation report. Contact Groundsure or your search provider for further details.



Physical risks

ClimateIndex[™] projects changes in physical risks from **flooding, ground stability** and **coastal erosion**. Please see **page 7** > for details and guidance.

5 years

A

Negligible risk

30 years

A

Negligible risk

Α

В

C

D

E

F

> High risk

Negligible risk

Transition risks

ClimateIndex™ covers transition risks including energy efficiency. Please see page 8 > for details.

Contaminated land liability

Banking security

Is it likely that the property will represent acceptable banking security from a contaminated land perspective?

Yes

Statutory or 3rd party action

Is there a risk of statutory (e.g. Part 2A EPA 1990) or third party action being taken against the site?

Unlikely

Environmental liability

Is there a risk that the property value may be impacted due to contaminated land liability issues?

Unlikely







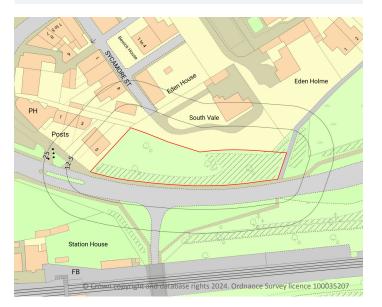
Ref: PLS-20240808110810-rs Your ref: 20240808110810 Grid ref: 370549 563873 Date: 13 August 2024





Screening

Site Plan



Useful contacts

Northumberland Council: http://www.northumberland.gov.uk/ ↗

contactcentre@northumberland.gov.uk

0345 600 6400

Environment Agency National Customer

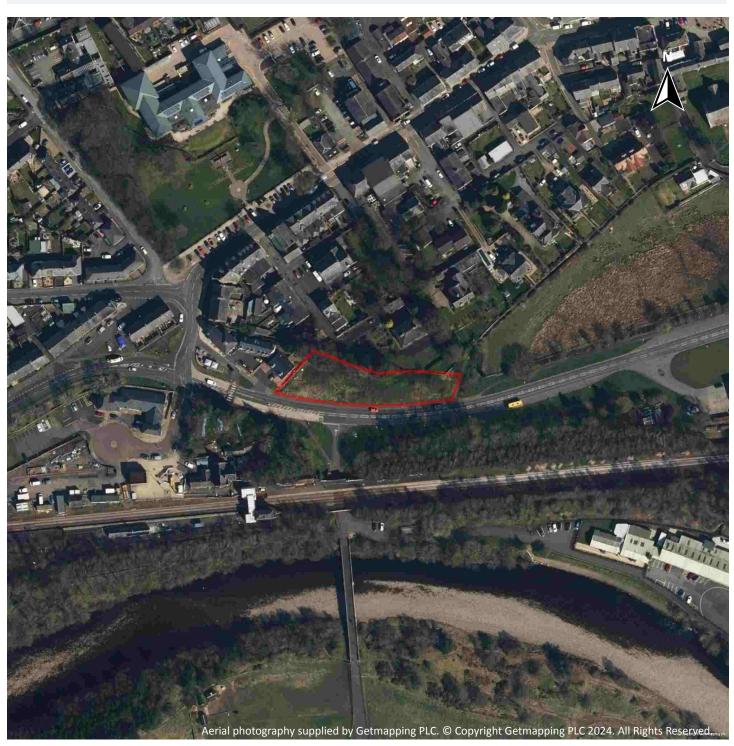
Contact Centre (NCCC):



Screening

Recent aerial photograph





Capture Date: 16/04/2021

Site Area: 0.19ha



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Screening

Overview of findings and recommendations



Contaminated Land

Low risk

Groundsure considers there to be an acceptable level of risk at the site from contaminated land liabilities.

If you require further advice with regards to this, please contact our customer services team on 01273 257 755 or e-mail at info@groundsure.com ↗

More information on page 10 >



Flooding

Negligible risk

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

A site-specific flood risk assessment should be provided for all development in Flood Zones 2 and 3. In Flood Zone 1, an assessment should accompany all proposals involving: sites of 1 hectare or more; land which has been identified by the Environment Agency as having critical drainage problems; land identified in a strategic flood risk assessment as being at increased flood risk in future; or land that may be subject to other sources of flooding, where its development would introduce a more vulnerable use. The NPPF states that the flood risk assessment should identify and assess the risks of all forms of flooding to and from the development and demonstrate how these flood risks will be managed so that the development remains safe throughout its lifetime, taking climate change into account. Those proposing developments should take advice from the emergency services when producing an evacuation plan for the development as part of the flood risk assessment.

More information on page 23 >



Ground stability

Identified

- if a survey has been undertaken at the property that considers ground instability and no issues were found, no further action is required
- however, based on the findings of this report, the purchaser should be encouraged to consider
 potential instability in any future development or alteration of the ground including planting and
 removing trees, and regardless of the survey outcome
- if no survey has yet been undertaken, we recommend one is carried out by a suitably qualified and experienced person
- if ground instability issues have been or are subsequently identified in a survey we recommend following any advice given in the survey findings



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Coal

 Groundsure recommends that a CON29M Official Coal Mining Search is conducted. This can be ordered through Groundsure or your preferred search provider.

More information on page 25 >



Identified

- if the property is a new build, you can check compliance on radon protection with the developer
- if you are buying a currently occupied property, ask the present owner whether radon levels have been measured and, if so, whether the results were above the radon Action Level. If they were, ask what remedial measures were installed, were radon levels re-tested and did the re-testing confirm the measures have been effective
- if testing has not been carried out, it would be a sensible precaution to arrange for the property to be tested with radon detectors. If initial short-term radon screening tests are inconclusive, or the purchaser would prefer to carry out a full three-month test, it may be possible to arrange a 'radon bond'
- high levels of radon can be reduced through carrying out remedial works to the property
- no radon protection measures will be required to be installed in the event that any new buildings or extensions are added to the property
- all basement and cellar areas are considered at additional risk from high radon levels. If an
 underground room such as a cellar or basement makes up part of the living or working
 accommodation, the property should be tested regardless of radon Affected Area status
- see http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/ http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/ http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/ http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/ http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/ http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/

More information on page 25 >

Other considerations

These are next steps associated with non-environmental search returns on matters of energy facilities, transport infrastructure and planning constraints.



Identified

Wind



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Screening

- use the details given in the report to find out more about the potential impacts on the property
- contact the operating company and the relevant Local Authority for further information
- visit the area in order to more accurately assess the impact this wind development would have on the property

More information on page 31 >



Planning constraints

Identified

 seek further guidance from the local planning department on any likely restrictions if considering any property development

More information on page 36 >



Screening

ClimateIndex™ physical risks



Our ClimateIndex™ provides a climate score for your property, and projects changes in physical risks from **flooding, natural ground stability and coastal erosion**. Climate change could have a significant medium to longer term impact on your property, which may be increasingly considered by your lender if you are arranging a mortgage. Physical risks are those that can cause direct damage or loss to your property but they can also give rise to transition risks such as impacting on the ability to insure or mortgage the property.

ClimateIndex™

The risks with the greatest impact on the overall ClimateIndex™ are positioned first in the list(s) below. Any risks that have not been identified at the site have been omitted.





Rating key



The ClimateIndex™ (A-F) is an overall illustration of the potential impact from the physical risks covered in this assessment - flooding from numerous sources, ground stability and coastal erosion.

ClimateIndex™ guidance and next steps

Even though there are no further actions necessary at this time, the following links will help provide you with further information about the climate change risks dealt with in this report.

- <u>Click here</u>

 ¬ for more information on climate change risks, our methodology and limitations
- See the <u>.GOV website</u>

 for updates on the governments policy on reaching Net Zero by 2050



Let's talk about climate

For more information on ClimateIndex™ or our climate related recommendations call us on: 01273 257 755

See our <u>ClimateIndex™ clauses</u> *¬* here for actionable guidance on risks associated with climate change



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ClimateIndex™ transition risks

Energy Performance

Energy Performance Certificates (EPCs) rate the energy efficiency of buildings using grades from A+ to G, with 'A+' being the most efficient grade (this represents a 'Net Zero' non-domestic building) and 'G' the least efficient. They are designed to provide an estimate of energy costs associated with a building and an indication of how these can be reduced. When required, they should be made available to any prospective buyer or tenant. They are valid for exactly 10 years after the date lodged by the assessor. If your certificate is out of date it will need to be renewed when you wish to sell a property or let to a new tenant.

(!)

We have not been able to find an EPC relating to the property.

There are a number of potential reasons why a valid EPC has not been found for the property:

- The property is an undeveloped plot and no buildings exist;
- An EPC is not required at the property. Examples may include listed buildings and places of worship but full details can be found here ↗;
- An EPC is not required for the building(s) on the site;
- We have been unable to match the address provided when ordering this report to the address on the EPC.

Consideration should be given to the feasibility and cost of any improvement works that are recommended in the EPC, if any exemptions apply and also to when a new assessment might be required.

EPC calculations are partly based on observations made by the EPC assessor when visiting a property and partly on data and assumptions using the age and type of property. This means the EPC band may change irrespective of any improvement works undertaken, due to, for example, differing access or documentation being provided to the assessor during the visit. Additionally, the methodologies underpinning EPC calculations are updated periodically.

Leasing and energy efficiency regulations

Currently, the Minimum Energy Efficiency Standard (MEES) Regulations require all privately leased non-domestic properties being let in England and Wales to have a minimum EPC rating of E. Fines of between £10K-£150K may be issued per tenancy within a building that does not meet these requirements.

If the property has an EPC rating of F or G, the landlord should either improve the property to at least an EPC rating of E, or register an exemption, should one apply. Click here \nearrow for more detail on the types of exemptions available and how to register for them.

Green leases are agreements that put obligations on both the tenant and the landlord to improve the energy efficiency and overall environmental impact of a commercial property. More information relating to green



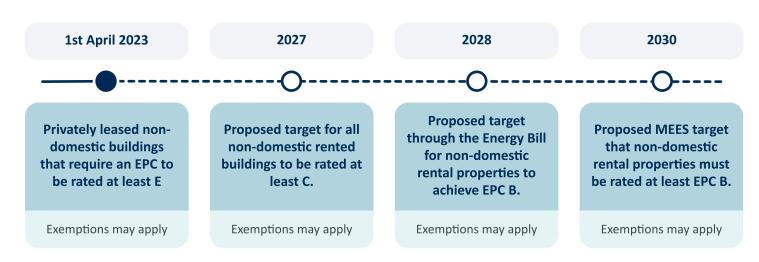
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Screening

leases can be found here \nearrow .

Given the general aspiration to move towards a net zero economy, tightening of the requirements imposed around energy efficiency should be anticipated and considered. Current government guidelines and proposals are summarised below:





Screening



Contaminated land liability

Low risk

Summary

The Contaminated Land Assessment was completed using a detailed risk assessment designed by qualified Environmental Consultants.

Past Land Use Low
Waste and Landfill Low
Current and Recent Industrial Low

Next steps

Groundsure considers there to be an acceptable level of risk at the site from contaminated land liabilities.

If you require further advice with regards to this, please contact our customer services team on 01273 257 755 or e-mail at info@groundsure.com ✓

Jump to

Consultant's Assessment >

Past land use >

Current and recent industrial >

Superficial hydrogeology >

Bedrock hydrogeology >

<u>Hydrology</u> >

Skip to next section: Flooding >

You can find our methodology and list of limitations on page 43 >

Consultant's assessment

Environmental searches are designed to ensure that significant hazards and risks associated with this property are identified and considered alongside the investment in or purchase of a property. Please see page 4 > for further advice.

Current and proposed land use

Current land use

Groundsure has not been advised by the client (or their advisers) of the current use of the property. Groundsure has therefore assumed that the property is likely to be used for commercial purposes.

Proposed land use

Groundsure has assumed that the property will remain in its current use.



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Screening

Historical land use

On-site

No potentially contaminative land uses have been identified at the study site.

Surrounding area

No potentially contaminative land uses have been identified in proximity to the study site.

Site setting

Potentially vulnerable receptors have been identified including site users, residents of properties in proximity, the underlying aquifers.

Conclusion

Groundsure has not identified a potential contaminant-pathway-receptor relationship that may give rise to significant environmental liability. Please refer to the Contaminated Land assessment methodology contained within this report.

Screening

Contaminated land data summary

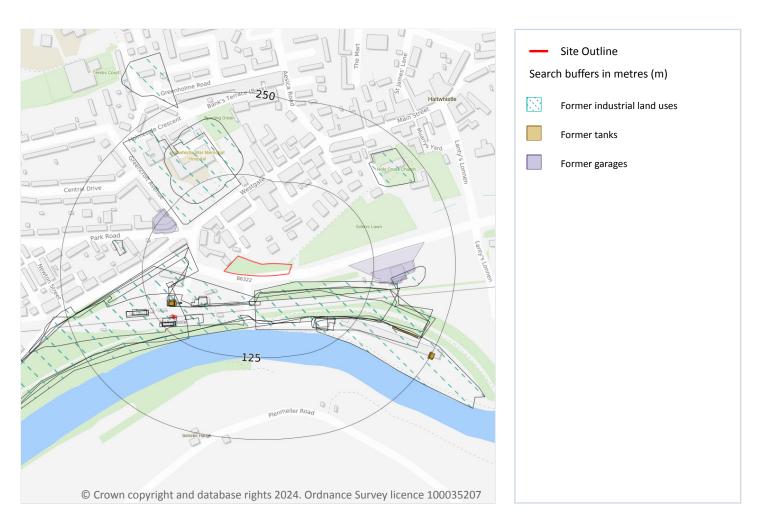


Past land use	On-Site	0-50m	50-250m
Former industrial land use (1:10,560 and 1:10,000 scale)	0	9	21
Former tanks	0	0	8
Former energy features	0	0	0
Former petrol stations	0	0	0
Former garages	0	0	5
Former military land	0	0	0
Waste and landfill	On-Site	0-50m	50-250m
Active or recent landfill	0	0	0
Former landfill (from Environment Agency Records)	0	0	0
Former landfill (from Local Authority and historical mapping records)	0	0	0
Waste site no longer in use	0	0	0
Active or recent licensed waste sites	0	0	0
Active of recent incrised waste sites	O	O	O
Current and recent industrial	On-Site	0-50m	50-250m
Current and recent industrial	On-Site	0-50m	50-250m
Current and recent industrial Recent industrial land uses	On-Site	0-50m	50-250m
Current and recent industrial Recent industrial land uses Current or recent petrol stations	On-Site 0	0-50m 1	50-250m 22
Current and recent industrial Recent industrial land uses Current or recent petrol stations Historical licensed industrial activities	On-Site 0 0	0-50m 1 0	50-250m 22 1
Current and recent industrial Recent industrial land uses Current or recent petrol stations Historical licensed industrial activities Current or recent licensed industrial activities	On-Site 0 0 0	0-50m 1 0 0	50-250m 22 1 0
Current and recent industrial Recent industrial land uses Current or recent petrol stations Historical licensed industrial activities Current or recent licensed industrial activities Local Authority licensed pollutant release	On-Site 0 0 0 0 0	0-50m 1 0 0 0	50-250m 22 1 0 0
Current and recent industrial Recent industrial land uses Current or recent petrol stations Historical licensed industrial activities Current or recent licensed industrial activities Local Authority licensed pollutant release Pollutant release to surface waters	On-Site 0 0 0 0 0 0	0-50m 1 0 0 0 0	50-250m 22 1 0 1 0
Current and recent industrial Recent industrial land uses Current or recent petrol stations Historical licensed industrial activities Current or recent licensed industrial activities Local Authority licensed pollutant release Pollutant release to surface waters Pollutant release to public sewer	On-Site 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0-50m 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	50-250m 22 1 0 0 1 0 0
Current and recent industrial Recent industrial land uses Current or recent petrol stations Historical licensed industrial activities Current or recent licensed industrial activities Local Authority licensed pollutant release Pollutant release to surface waters Pollutant release to public sewer Dangerous industrial substances (D.S.I. List 1)	On-Site 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0-50m 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50-250m 22 1 0 0 1 0 0
Current and recent industrial Recent industrial land uses Current or recent petrol stations Historical licensed industrial activities Current or recent licensed industrial activities Local Authority licensed pollutant release Pollutant release to surface waters Pollutant release to public sewer Dangerous industrial substances (D.S.I. List 1) Dangerous industrial substances (D.S.I. List 2)	On-Site 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0-50m 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50-250m 22 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
Current and recent industrial Recent industrial land uses Current or recent petrol stations Historical licensed industrial activities Current or recent licensed industrial activities Local Authority licensed pollutant release Pollutant release to surface waters Pollutant release to public sewer Dangerous industrial substances (D.S.I. List 1) Dangerous or explosive sites	On-Site 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0-50m 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	50-250m 22 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0

Screening

Contaminated land / Past land use





Former industrial land use (1:10,560 and 1:10,000 scale)

These historical land uses have been identified from 1:10,560 and 1:10,000 scale Ordnance Survey maps dated from the mid to late 1800s to recent times. They have the potential to have caused ground contamination. Please see the Environmental Summary to find out how these could impact the site.

Please see page 4 > for further advice.

Distance	Direction	Use	Date
14 m	SE	Railway Sidings	1952
24 m	SW	Railway Sidings	1980
25 m	SE	Railway Sidings	1946
26 m	SE	Railway Sidings	1926
38 m	SE	Railway Sidings	1895



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Screening

Distance	Direction	Use	Date
39 m	S	Railway Building	1895
39 m	W	Railway Sidings	1952
47 m	SW	Railway Building	1895
48 m	SW	Railway Station	1862
73 m	SW	Railway Station	1895
77 m	SE	Sawmill	1895
79 m	SE	Sawmill	1926
79 m	W	Railway Building	1980
80 m	SE	Chemical De-Icing Works	1980
84 m	W	Railway Building	1926
85 m	SE	Sawmill	1946
85 m	NW	Hospital	1952
89 m	W	Railway Building	1895
99 m	NW	Hospital	1980
102 m	SW	Railway Station	1980
107 m	SW	Railway Station	1946
108 m	SW	Railway Station	1926
110 m	SW	Railway Station	1952
130 m	W	Railway Building	1946
131 m	W	Railway Building	1926
133 m	W	Railway Building	1895
152 m	Е	Garage	1980
153 m	W	Smithy	1862
181 m	NE	Grave Yard	1862
244 m	NW	Unspecified Workhouse	1895

Contact us with any questions at:

 $\underline{info@groundsure.com} \nearrow$

01273 257 755

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.



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Screening

Former tanks

These tanks have been identified from high detailed historical Ordnance Survey maps dating from the mid-late 1800s to recent times. Tanks like this can sometimes store harmful waste, chemicals or oil, as well as more benign substances. Liquids stored in these tanks can leak when the tanks rust or become damaged over time, which could have caused contamination at this site.

Please see <u>page 4</u> > for further advice.

Distance	Direction	Use	Date
80 m	SW	Unspecified Tank	1921
81 m	SW	Unspecified Tank	1896
86 m	W	Unspecified Tank	1998
87 m	SW	Unspecified Tank	1970
89 m	W	Unspecified Tank	1987
178 m	SE	Tanks	1998
247 m	SE	Tanks	1987
248 m	SE	Tanks	1998

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

Former garages

These garages have been identified from high detailed historical Ordnance Survey maps dating from the mid to late 1800s to recent times. They have the potential to cause ground contamination. This can be because spills can occur when fuel, oil or solvents are used causing ongoing pollution. Older and obsolete garages are considered a greater risk than newer ones, as tanks can remain underground and deteriorate, sometimes causing significant leaks.

Please see page 4 > for further advice.

Distance	Direction	Use	Date
87 m	Е	Garage	1987
93 m	NW	Garage	1970
98 m	NW	Garage	1987
121 m	Е	Garage	1998
154 m	Е	Garage	1970

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.



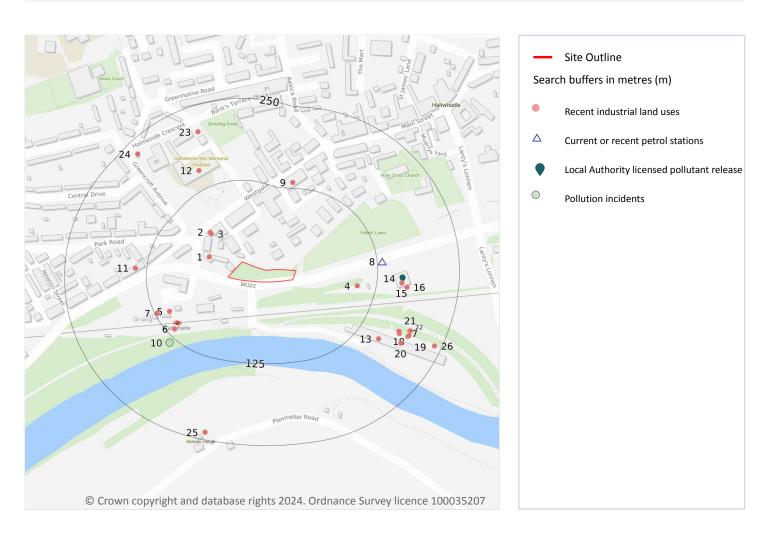
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Screening

Contaminated land / Current and recent industrial





Recent industrial land uses

These records show details of businesses that have recently operated, or are currently operating in the area. Depending on the type of activities taking place, some of these businesses could present a risk of contamination.

Please see page 4 > for further advice.

ID	Distance	Direction	Company / Address	Activity	Category
1	42 m	W	K & G Fuels - Station Road, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 0AH	Fuel Distributors and Suppliers	Household, Office, Leisure and Garden
2	67 m	NW	Blake Printers Ltd - 1 Park View, Westgate, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 9AQ	Plate Makers, Print Finishers and Type Setters	IT, Advertising, Marketing and Media Services
3	67 m	NW	Blake Printers - 1 Park View, Westgate, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 9AQ	Published Goods	Industrial Products



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ID	Distance	Direction	Company / Address	Activity	Category
4	96 m	Е	,,,,,		Infrastructure and Facilities
5	104 m	W	Tank - Northumberland, NE49	Tanks (Generic)	Industrial Features
6	114 m	SW	Haltwhistle Rail Station - Northumberland, NE49	•	
7	122 m	W	Water Tower - Northumberland, NE49	Water Pumping Stations	Industrial Features
9	134 m	N	Westgate Hardware - 16, Westgate, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 9AF	General Construction Supplies	Industrial Products
11	142 m	W	G G & D F Turnball - New Glenwhelt, West Road, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 9HP	Distribution and Haulage	Transport, Storage and Delivery
12	154 m	NW	Haltwhistle War Memorial Hospital - Main Street, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 9AJ	Hospitals	Health Practitioners and Establishments
13	159 m	SE	Kilfrost - Albion Works, Hadrian Enterprise Park, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 0HJ	Colours, Chemicals and Water Softeners and Supplies	Industrial Products
15	165 m	Е	Edens Lawn Service Station - Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49	Petrol and Fuel Stations	Road and Rail
16	165 m	E	Edens Lawn Service Station - Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 0HH	Vehicle Cleaning Services	Personal, Consumer and Other Services
17	182 m	SE	Tank - Northumberland, NE49	Tanks (Generic)	Industrial Features
18	186 m	SE	Tank - Northumberland, NE49	Tanks (Generic)	Industrial Features
19	191 m	SE	Tank - Northumberland, NE49	Tanks (Generic)	Industrial Features
20	191 m	SE	Works - Northumberland, NE49	Unspecified Works Or Factories	Industrial Features
21	195 m	SE	Tank - Northumberland, NE49	Tanks (Generic)	Industrial Features
22	199 m	SE	Tank - Northumberland, NE49	Tanks (Generic)	Industrial Features
23	210 m	NW	Haltwhistle Ambulance Station - Northumberland, NE49	Ambulance and Medical Transportation Services	Health Support Services
24	229 m	NW	Electricity Sub Station - Northumberland, Electrical Features Infrastruct NE49 Facilities		Infrastructure and Facilities
25	239 m	S	Sheep Dip - Northumberland, NE49	Sheep Dips and Washes	Farming
26	239 m	E	Tank - Northumberland, NE49	Tanks (Generic)	Industrial Features

Screening

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey.

Current or recent petrol stations

Petrol stations and their associated storage tanks are considered a risk for soil and groundwater contamination. This is because spills can occur when fuel tanks are filled and leaks from these tanks can cause ongoing pollution. Older and obsolete petrol stations are considered a greater risk than newer ones, as fuel tanks can remain underground and deteriorate, sometimes causing significant leaks. In some cases, fuels such as petrol or diesel can spread beneath the surface, meaning that properties can be affected even when they are some distance away.

Please see page 4 > for further advice.

ID	Distance	Direction	Company	Address	Status
8	133 m	E	GULF	Bypass Road, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 0HH	Open

This data is sourced from Experian Catalist.

Local Authority licensed pollutant release

Industrial facilities that release pollutants to the environment (air, land or water) may be regulated by the Local Authority and hold a Part A(2) or Part B process authorisation or licence. These processes could include the burning of waste oils, paint spraying and petrol vapour recovery. There could be a risk of ground contamination if harmful materials associated with these processes are not stored and handled correctly.

Please see page 4 > for further advice.

ID	Distance	Direction	Address	Local Authority	Processes Undertaken	Permit Type	Details of Enforcement
14	163 m	E	Edens Lawn Service Station, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 OND	Northumberla nd County Council	Unloading of Petrol into Storage at Service Stations	Part B	Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Date of Enforcement: No Enforcement Notified Comment: No Enforcement Notified

This data is sourced from Local Authorities.

Pollution incidents

Environment Agency keep records of all major or significant pollution incidents that are known to have impacted the land, water or air. The location provided for these records may relate to the location of the incidents but may sometimes be recorded where the effects of the incident was reported.

Please see <u>page 4</u> > for further advice.

1	D	Distance	Direction	Incident Date	Land Impact	Water Impact	Pollutant
1	LO	135 m	SW	28/09/2005	Category 3 (Minor)	Category 2 (Significant)	Diesel

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales.



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Superficial hydrogeology



Superficial geology

Superficial deposits are the youngest natural geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock. This information comes from the BGS 1:50,000 Digital Geological Map of Great Britain, where available.

Description	BGS LEX Code	Rock Type
SUPERFICIAL THEME NOT MAPPED [FOR DIGITAL MAP USE ONLY]	SUPNM-UKNOWN	UNKNOWN/UNCLASSIFIED ENTRY

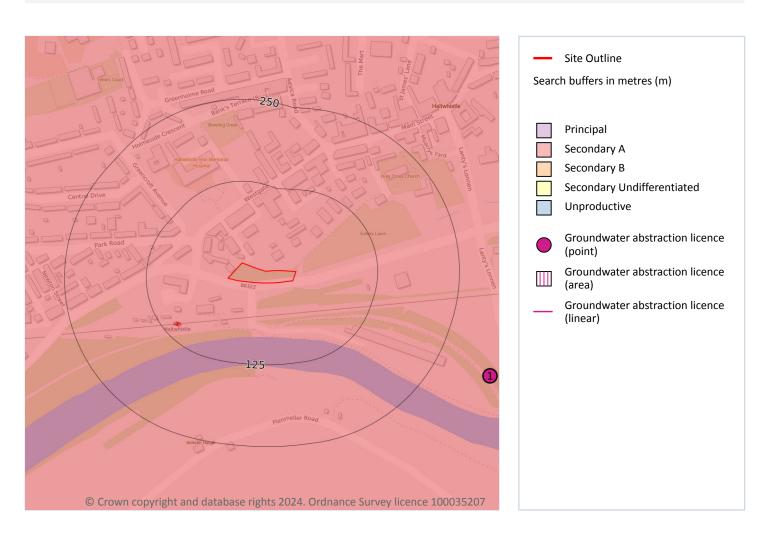
This data is sourced from British Geological Survey.



Screening

Bedrock hydrogeology





Aquifers within bedrock geology

The Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales and the British Geological Survey have assigned designations or types to the aquifers that exist within bedrock geology. These designations reflect the importance of aquifers in terms of groundwater as a resource (eg drinking water supply) but also their role in supporting surface water flows and wetland ecosystems.

Principal - These are layers of rock or superficial deposits that usually provide a high level of water storage.

Secondary A - Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale.

Secondary B - Predominantly lower permeability layers which may store and yield limited amounts of groundwater.

Secondary Undifferentiated - Has been assigned in cases where it has not been possible to attribute either category A or B to a rock type.

Unproductive - These are rock layers with low permeability that have negligible significance for water supply.



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Distance	Direction	Designation
0	on site	Secondary A

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales and the British Geological Survey.

Bedrock geology

Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and is present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water. This information comes from the BGS 1:50,000 Digital Geological Map of Great Britain, where available.

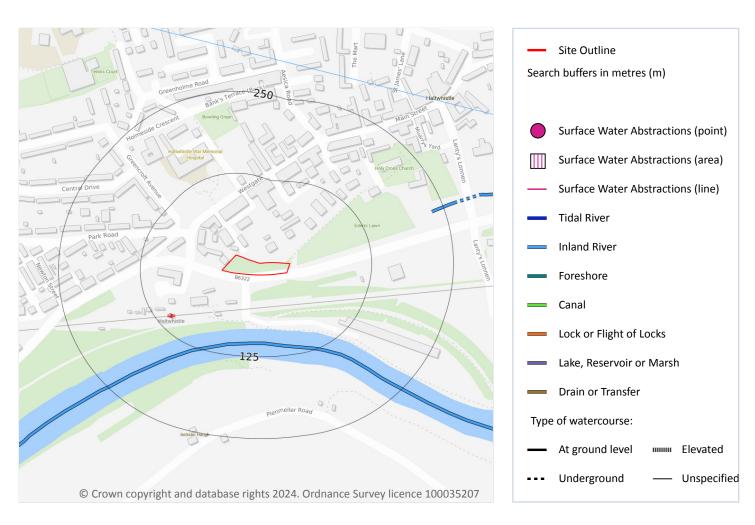
Description	BGS LEX Code	Rock Type
STAINMORE FORMATION	SMGP-MDSL	MUDSTONE, SANDSTONE AND LIMESTONE

This data is sourced from British Geological Survey.

Screening

Hydrology





Water courses from Ordnance Survey

These are water features such as ponds, lakes, rivers and streams that have been identified by Ordnance Survey. These features may be sensitive to contamination.

Distance	Direction	Details
104 m	S	Name: River South Tyne Type of water feature: Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action. Ground level: On ground surface Permanence: Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)
231 m	E	Name: Type of water feature: Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action. Ground level: On ground surface Permanence: Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey.



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Screening



Flooding

Negligible risk

See overview

Summary

No significant concerns have been identified as a result of the flood risk searches. No action required.

Further explanation of flood risk assessment can be seen in the Flood information on page 43 >.

River and Coastal Flooding

Groundwater Flooding

Surface Water Flooding

FloodScore™ insurance rating

Past Flooding

Flood Storage Areas

Very Low

Not identified

Not identified

NPPF Flood Risk Assessment required if site redeveloped?

Next steps

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

A site-specific flood risk assessment should be provided for all development in Flood Zones 2 and 3. In Flood Zone 1, an assessment should accompany all proposals involving: sites of 1 hectare or more; land which has been identified by the Environment Agency as having critical drainage problems; land identified in a strategic flood risk assessment as being at increased flood risk in future; or land that may be subject to other sources of flooding, where its development would introduce a more vulnerable use. The NPPF states that the flood risk assessment should identify and assess the risks of all forms of flooding to and from the development and demonstrate how these flood risks will be managed so that the development remains safe throughout its lifetime, taking climate change into account. Those proposing developments should take advice from the emergency services when producing an evacuation plan for the development as part of the flood risk assessment.

Jump to

Flood risk (5 and 30 years) >

Skip to next section: Environmental >

You can find our methodology and list of limitations on page 43 >

Screening

Climate change / Flood risk (5 and 30 Years)

The baseline or current flood risk assessment on this property is based on climatic conditions today. If present, the associated flood maps (and other relevant datasets) are visualised in the flood risk section. However, climate change is expected to increase the frequency and severity of weather events that could increase the risk of flooding. Rising sea levels due to climate change could also contribute to increased flood risk in coastal properties.

Ambiental Risk Analytics provides flood risk data that can project the risk from river, coastal and surface water flooding in the future for a range of emissions scenarios (Low emissions - RCP 2.6, medium emissions - RCP 4.5, and high emission - RCP 8.5).

Groundsure uses this data, as well as other data assets within our ClimateIndex™ calculator to determine an overall assessment of climate change physical risks to the property. For example, the combined effect of 'moderate' assessments over multiple physical risks could result in a higher ClimateIndex™ overall than that of a single moderate assessment.

More information about our methodology and limitations is available here: knowledge.groundsure.com/methodologies-and-limitations ↗.

Climate change scenario	River/coastal flood depth (cm)		Surface water flood depth (cm)	
	5 years 30 years		5 years	30 years
Low emissions	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Medium emissions	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
High emissions	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20

This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.





Screening



Environmental

Identified



Ground stability

The property is assessed to have potential for natural or non-natural ground subsidence.

Please see page 27 > for details of the identified issues.

Natural Ground Stability Non-Natural Ground Stability

Moderate-High Identified



Radon

The property is in a radon affected area. This could mean that inhabitants are at risk from the harmful effects of radon. The percentage of homes estimated to be affected by radon in your local area is between 1% and 3%.

Please see page 29 > for details of the identified issues.

In a radon affected area

Next steps

Ground stability

The property is indicated to lie within an area that could be affected by natural ground subsidence. You should consider the following:

- if a survey has been undertaken at the property that considers ground instability and no issues were found, no further action is required
- however, based on the findings of this report, the purchaser should be encouraged to consider potential instability in any future development or alteration of the ground including planting and removing trees, and regardless of the survey outcome
- if no survey has yet been undertaken, we recommend one is carried out by a suitably qualified and experienced person
- if ground instability issues have been or are subsequently identified in a survey we recommend following any advice given in the survey findings

Coal

The property is assessed to lie within a coal mining area as defined by the Coal Authority.

Groundsure recommends that a CON29M Official Coal Mining Search is conducted. This can be ordered through Groundsure or your preferred search provider.

Radon

The property is in an area where elevated radon levels are expected to be found in 1-3% of properties.



Contact us with any questions at: 01273 257 755 Grid ref: 370549 563873

Ref: PLS-20240808110810-rs Your ref: 20240808110810



Screening

- if the property is a new build, you can check compliance on radon protection with the developer
- if you are buying a currently occupied property, ask the present owner whether radon levels have been measured and, if so, whether the results were above the radon Action Level. If they were, ask what remedial measures were installed, were radon levels re-tested and did the re-testing confirm the measures have been effective
- if testing has not been carried out, it would be a sensible precaution to arrange for the property to be tested with radon detectors. If initial short-term radon screening tests are inconclusive, or the purchaser would prefer to carry out a full three-month test, it may be possible to arrange a 'radon bond'
- high levels of radon can be reduced through carrying out remedial works to the property
- no radon protection measures will be required to be installed in the event that any new buildings or extensions are added to the property
- all basement and cellar areas are considered at additional risk from high radon levels. If an
 underground room such as a cellar or basement makes up part of the living or working
 accommodation, the property should be tested regardless of radon Affected Area status
- see http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/ http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/ http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/ http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/ http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/ http://www.radonassociation.co.uk/guide-to-radon/information-for-employers/

Jump to

Natural ground subsidence >

Non-natural ground subsidence >

Radon >

Natural ground instability (5 and 30 Years) >

Skip to next section: Energy >

You can find our methodology and list of limitations on page 43 >



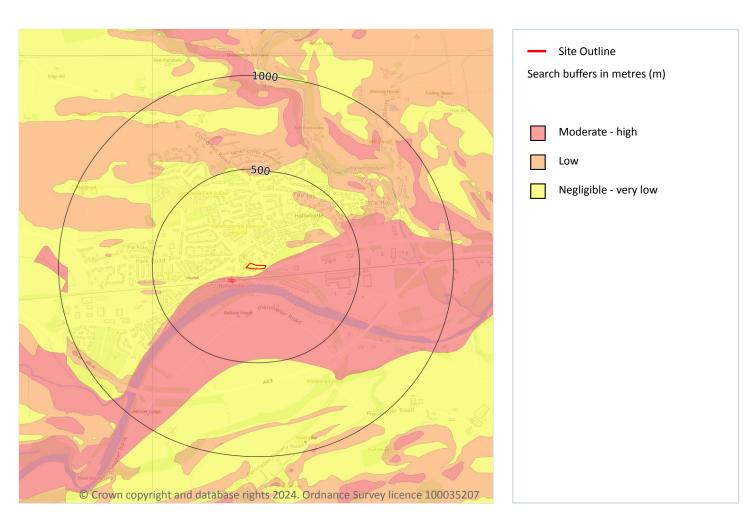
Ref: PLS-20240808110810-rs Your ref: 20240808110810 Grid ref: 370549 563873

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Screening

Ground stability / Natural ground subsidence





Natural ground subsidence

The property, or an area within 50m of the property, has a moderate to high potential for natural ground subsidence. This rating is derived from the British Geological Survey's GeoSure database, and is based upon the natural qualities of the geology at the site rather than any historical subsidence claims or events. Additionally, this data does not take into account whether buildings on site have been designed to withstand any degree of subsidence hazard.

Please see <u>page 4</u> > for further advice.

Surveyors are normally aware of local problem areas in relation to subsidence, however, this data provided by the British Geological Survey (BGS) can highlight areas where a significant potential for natural ground subsidence exists and whether it may need particular consideration. The term "Subsidence" refers to ground movement that could cause damage to foundations in domestic or other properties.



Screening

Ground stability / Non-natural ground subsidence



Coal mining

The property is located in an area that may be affected by surface or sub-surface coal mining. Mining may cause ground stability problems such as subsidence, surface collapses, mass movement and landslides, depending on the style of mining used.

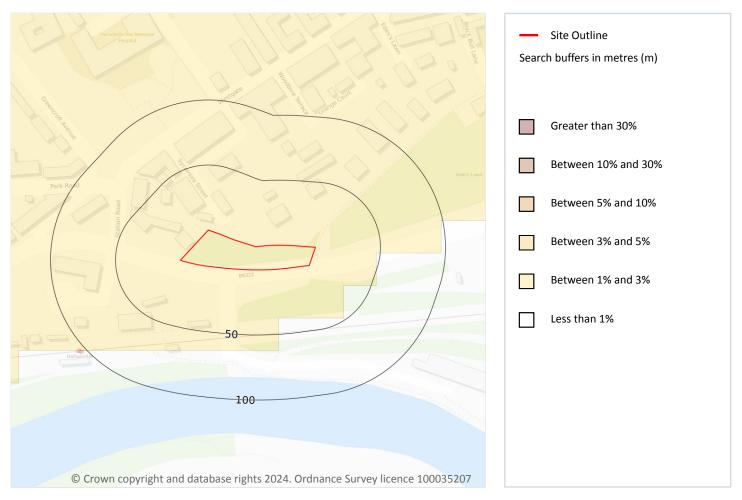
Please see <u>page 4</u> > for further advice.



Screening

Radon





The property is in a radon affected area, meaning there is an increased risk that properties will contain elevated levels of radon.

In order to determine if there is a problem at your property, a radon measurement in the building must be taken. Access to a testing service and further information on radon is available from UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) or www.ukradon.org.

Radon is a colourless, odourless radioactive gas present in all areas of the United Kingdom, usually at levels that pose a negligible risk. However, the property is situated in an area where levels of radon can be much higher and pose a health risk. High levels of radon can cause lung cancer, particularly for smokers and exsmokers. The higher the level and the longer the period of exposure, the greater the risk.

Please see page 4 > for further advice.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey/UK Health Security Agency.



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(29)

Screening

Climate change / Ground stability (5 and 30 Years)

The British Geological Survey (BGS) has created data designed to show the likelihood of an increase in risk from shrink swell subsidence hazards as a result of climate change. When certain soils take in water they can swell, causing heave. Conversely, when these soils dry out they can shrink and cause subsidence. Climate change is likely to result in higher temperatures and therefore likely to cause periods of drought and an increase in shrink swell subsidence.

This data has been produced using the Met Office local projections to accurately model predicted rainfall, using the high emissions climate change scenario (RCP 8.5).

Groundsure uses this data, as well as other data assets within our ClimateIndex™ calculator to determine an overall assessment of climate change physical risks to the property. For example, the combined effect of 'moderate' assessments over multiple physical risks could result in a higher ClimateIndex™ overall than that of a single moderate assessment.

More information about our methodology and limitations is available here: knowledge.groundsure.com/methodologies-and-limitations ↗.

Rainfall scenario	High rainfall		Average rainfall		Lower rainfall	
	5 years	30 years	5 years	30 years	5 years	30 years
Likelihood of increased risk	Highly unlikely	Highly unlikely	Highly unlikely	Highly unlikely	Highly unlikely	Highly unlikely

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey



Screening



Energy

Identified



Oil and gas

No historical, active or planned wells or extraction areas have been identified near the property.

Oil and gas areas Oil and gas wells

Not identified Not identified



Wind and Solar

Our search of existing and planned renewable wind and solar infrastructure has identified results.

Please see page 4 > for further advice. Additionally, see page 32 > for details of the identified issues.

Planned Multiple Wind Identified **Turbines**

Planned Single Wind Turbines Identified Existing Wind Turbines Not identified **Proposed Solar Farms** Not identified

Energy

Our search of major energy transmission or generation infrastructure and nationally significant infrastructure projects has not identified results.

Power stations Energy Infrastructure Projects

Existing Solar Farms

Not identified Not identified Not identified

Not identified

Next steps

Wind

Existing or proposed wind installations have been identified within 10km.

- use the details given in the report to find out more about the potential impacts on the property
- contact the operating company and the relevant Local Authority for further information
- visit the area in order to more accurately assess the impact this wind development would have on the property

Jump to

Wind and solar >

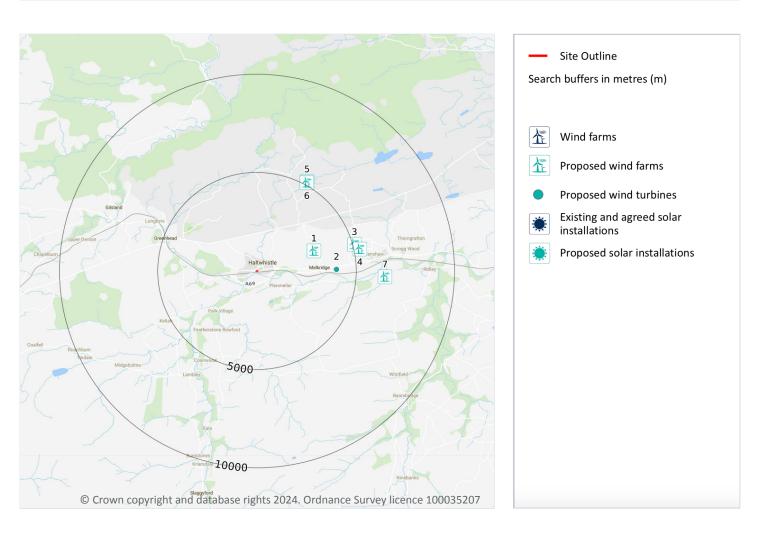
Skip to next section: Transport >

You can find our methodology and list of limitations on page 43 >

Screening

Energy / Wind and solar





Proposed wind farms

A wind farm or group of turbines or individual wind turbine has been proposed within 10,000m of the property. See below for details of the operating company, number of turbines, project and turbine capacity.

Please note some planning applications identified as having been refused, may have subsequently been granted on appeal without appearing as such within this report. Additionally, please be aware that as the identified records are taken from a planning record archive, the proposals identified may have already been undertaken.

ID	Distance	Direction	Details	
1	3-4 km	Е	Site Name: Common House Farm, Melkridge, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 9PF Planning Application Reference: 20110187 Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2011-03-14 Planning Stage: Plans Approved Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises construction of 2 x 15m wind turbines. Approximate Grid Reference: 373450, 564900



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Screening

ID	Distance	Direction	Details	
3	5-6 km	Е	Site Name: Land North West Of Brownrigg F, Bardon Mill, Hexham, Northumberland, Northumberland, NE47 7EZ Planning Application Reference: 14/00688/RENE Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2014-03-06 Planning Stage: Plans Approved Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of 2 Tozzi Nord TN535 10kw domestic wind turbines to generate electricity. Approximate Grid Reference: 375509, 565233
4	5-6 km	Е	Site Name: Brown Rigg, Bardon Mill, Hexham, Northumberland, Northumberland, NE47 7EZ Planning Application Reference: 13/03497/RENE Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2013-12-24 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detail Plans Withdrawn Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of 2 Tozzi Nord TN535 10kw domestic wind turbines to generate electricity. Approximate Grid Reference: 375509, 565233
5	5-6 km	NE	Site Name: Longsyke Farm, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 9PR Planning Application Reference: 17NP0123 Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2017-11-16 Planning Stage: Detail Plans Withdrawn Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of two domestic wind turbines. Approximate Grid Reference: 373096, 568422
6	5-6 km	NE	Site Name: Longsyke Farm, Close A Burns Junction to, Haltwhistle, Northumberland, NE49 9PR Planning Application Reference: 18NP0003 Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2018-01-15 Planning Stage: Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of two domestic wind turbines. Approximate Grid Reference: 373096, 568422
7	6-7 km	Е	Site Name: Land south west of, Willimoteswick, Hexham, Northumberland, Northumberland, NE47 7DB Planning Application Reference: 13/00346/RENE Type of Project: 3 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2013-02-12 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detail Plans Withdrawn Project Details: Scheme comprises construction of three 30kw wind turbines (tip height of 32 metres (mast height 25m) and 12 metre rotor diameter) including associated access and cable runs. Approximate Grid Reference: 377062, 563582

This information is derived from planning data supplied by Glenigan, in some cases with further accuracy applied by Groundsure's experts. This search includes planning applications for wind farms with multiple turbines within 10,000m of the property. This data is updated on a quarterly basis.

If the existence of a planning application, passed or refused may have a material impact with regard to the decision to purchase the property, Groundsure recommends independent, thorough enquiries are made with the Local Authority. If any applications have been identified within this report, Groundsure have included the planning reference to enable further enquiries to be made.

Contact us with any questions at:

01273 257 755



Screening

Proposed wind turbines

Planning applications for individual wind turbines have been proposed within 5,000m of the property. See below for details of the operating company, number of turbines, project and turbine capacity.

Please note some planning applications identified as having been refused may have subsequently been granted on appeal without appearing as such within this report. Additionally, please be aware that as the identified records are taken from a planning record archive, the proposals identified may have already been undertaken.

ID	Distance	Direction	Details	
2	3-4 km	E	Site Name: Carrsgate House, Bardon Mill, Hexham, Tynedale, Northumberland, NE47 7EY Planning Application Reference: 20071139 Type of Project: Wind Turbine	Application Date: 2007-11-07 Planning Stage: Plans Approved Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises construction of 6kw domestic wind turbine on a 15m mast. Approximate Grid Reference: 374597, 563968

This information is derived from planning data supplied by Glenigan, in some cases with further accuracy applied by Groundsure's experts. This search includes planning applications for single wind turbines only, within 5,000m of the property. This data is updated on a quarterly basis.

If the existence of a planning application, passed or refused, may have a material impact with regard to the decision to purchase the property, Groundsure recommends independent, thorough enquiries are made with the Local Authority. If any applications have been identified within this report, Groundsure have included the planning reference to enable further enquiries to be made.



Screening



Transport

Identified

The property has been identified to lie within the search radius of one or more transportation features detailed below.

If required, full details on these transportation features including a detailed location plan relative to the property are available when you purchase a Groundsure Energy and Transportation Report via your preferred searches provider.



HS2

No results for Phase 1 or Phase 2 of the HS2 project (including the 2016 amendments) have been identified within 5km of the property. However, HS2 routes are still under consultation and exact alignments may change in the future.

Visual assessments are only provided by Groundsure if the property is within 2km of Phase 1 and 2a. Other assessments may be available from HS2.

HS2 Route	Not identified
HS2 Safeguarding	Not identified
HS2 Stations	Not identified
HS2 Depots	Not identified
HS2 Noise	Not assessed
HS2 Visual impact	Not assessed



Crossrail

The property is not within 250 metres of either the Crossrail 1 or Crossrail 2 project.

Crossrail 1 Route	Not identified
Crossrail 1 Stations	Not identified
Crossrail 2 Route	Not identified
Crossrail 2 Stations	Not identified
Crossrail 2 Worksites	Not identified
Crossrail 2 Safeguarding	Not identified
Crossrail 2 Headhouse	Not identified



Other Railways

Our search indicates the property is within 250 metres of railways or railway stations, subway or DLR lines, active railways, historical railways or tunnels.

The Underground assessment includes London Underground, DLR, Tyne and Wear Metro, Merseyrail and Glasgow Subway.

Active Railways and Tunnels Historical Railways and Tunnels

Railway and Tube Stations Underground Identified Identified

IdentifiedNot identified

(35



Screening



Planning

Identified

Summary

Protected areas have been identified within 250 metres of the property.

Please see page 37 > for details of the identified issues.

Environmental Protected Areas Not identified
Visual and Cultural Protected Identified
Areas

Next steps

Visual and cultural designations

The property lies within 250m of a visually or culturally protected site or area.

 seek further guidance from the local planning department on any likely restrictions if considering any property development

Jump to

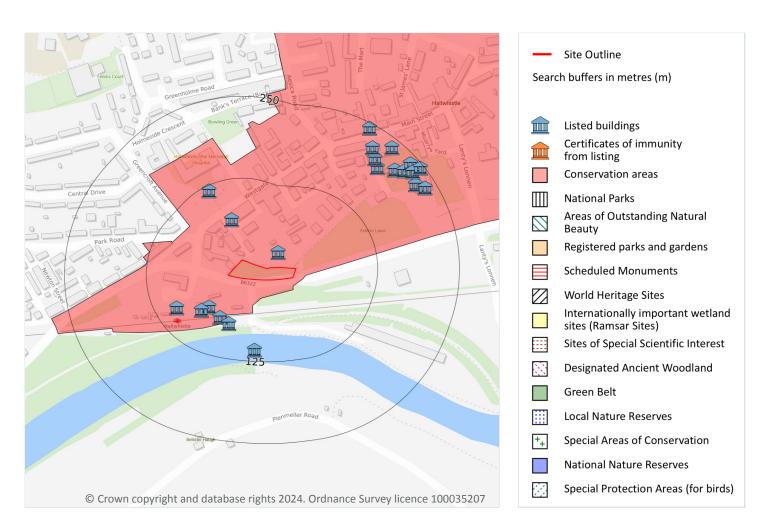
Planning constraints >

You can find our methodology and list of limitations on page 43 >

Screening

Planning constraints





Conservation Areas

Conservation Areas exist to protect special architecture and historic interest in an area. It may mean that the property is located in or close to a beautiful or architecturally interesting place to live. There may be extra planning controls restricting some development. This particularly applies to developing the outside of the building and any trees at the property.

Distance	Direction	Name	District
0	on site	Haltwhistle	Northumberland

This data is sourced from Historic England and Local Authorities. For more information please see historicengland.org.uk/listing/what-is-designation/local/conservation-areas/ historicengland.org.uk/listing/what-is-designation/local/conservation-areas/ historicengland.org.uk/listing/what-is-designation/local/conservation-areas/ historicengland.org.uk/listing/what-is-designation/local/conservation-areas/ historicengland.org.uk/listing/what-is-designation/local/conservation-areas/ historicengland.org.uk/listing/what-is-designation/local/conservation-areas/">historicengland.org.uk/listing/what-is-designation/local/conservation-areas/ historicengland.org/nc.nc/mat/ <a href="https://doi.org/nc.nc/m



Screening

Listed Buildings

The presence of listed buildings means there will be extra control over what changes can be made to that building's interior and exterior. If the property itself is a listed building, owners will need to apply for Listed Building Consent for most types of work that affect the 'special architectural or historic interest' of the property and the work approved may increase costs.

Distance	Direction	Name	Grade	Listed building reference number	Listed date
23 m	NE	South Vale	II	1045271	27/07/1987
57 m	SW	Station House	П	1302919	22/08/1973
63 m	NW	Roman Catholic Church Of St Wilfrid And Attached Former School Room	II	1431015	16/05/2016
65 m	SW	Footbridge Connecting Platforms At Haltwhistle Railway	II	1370340	27/07/1987
67 m	SW	Ticket Office And Waiting Room West Of Station House	II	1045237	22/08/1973
69 m	SW	Railway Signal Box On South Platform	II	1156313	27/07/1987
94 m	SW	Water Tank Building And 2 Water Colunns At Haltwhistle Railway Station	II	1156353	22/08/1973
108 m	S	Haltwhistle Tyne Bridge	П	1370314	27/07/1987
117 m	NW	Haltwhistle Memorial Cross	II	1430835	19/11/2015
198 m	NE	Hearse House 30 Metres North- West Of Church Of The Holy Cross	II	1045232	27/07/1987
207 m	NE	The Black Bull Inn	II	1045231	27/07/1987
214 m	NE	Church Of The Holy Cross	I	1045233	24/11/1967
219 m	NE	Sammys Chop Suey House	II	1370337	27/07/1987
223 m	NE	Borrow Headstone 2.0 Metres South Of Church Of The Holy Cross	II	1370338	27/07/1987
224 m	NE	Whitfield Headstone 20 Metres South Of Church Of The Holy Cross	II	1156296	27/07/1987
226 m	NE	Blenkinsopp Headstone 1.0 Metre South Of Church Of The Holy Cross	II	1045234	27/07/1987



Screening

Distance	Direction	Name	Grade	Listed building reference number	Listed date
232 m	NE	Armstrong Headstone 7.0 Metres South-East Of Church Of The Holy Cross	II	1370339	27/07/1987
232 m	NE	Coldor, Valley View And Oakdene	II	1045236	10/06/1952
236 m	NE	Ironmongers Shop (Trading As F Jacson And Sons)	II	1370336	27/07/1987
242 m	NE	Premises Of Greggs, Billy Bell And Water Willson	II	1156139	27/07/1987
244 m	NE	Armorial Headstone 20 Metres South-East Of Church Of The Holy Cross	II	1045235	27/07/1987

This data is sourced from Historic England. For more information please see https://historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list/

Screening

Datasets searched

This is a full list of the data searched in this report. If we have found results of note we will state "Identified". If no results of note are found, we will state "Not identified". Our intelligent filtering will hide "Not identified" sections to speed up your workflow.

Former industrial land use (1:10,560 and 1:10,000 scale)	Identified
Former tanks	Identified
Former energy features	Not identified
Former petrol stations	Not identified
Former garages	Identified
Former military land	Not identified
Former landfill (from Local Authority and historical mapping records)	Not identified
Waste site no longer in use	Not identified
Active or recent landfill	Not identified
Former landfill (from Environment Agency Records)	Not identified
Active or recent licensed waste sites	Not identified
Recent industrial land uses	Identified
Current or recent petrol stations	Identified
Dangerous or explosive sites	Not identified
Hazardous substance storage/usage	Not identified
Sites designated as Contaminated Land	Not identified
Historical licensed industrial activities	Not identified
Current or recent licensed industrial activities	Not identified
Local Authority licensed pollutant release	Identified
Pollutant release to surface waters	Not identified
Pollutant release to public sewer	Not identified

Contaminated Land	
Dangerous industrial substances (D.S.I. List 1)	Not identified
Dangerous industrial substances (D.S.I. List 2)	Not identified
Pollution incidents	Identified
Superficial hydrogeology	
Aquifers within superficial geology	Not identified
Superficial geology	Identified
Bedrock hydrogeology	
Aquifers within bedrock geology	Identified
Groundwater abstraction licences	Not identified
Bedrock geology	Identified
Bedrock geology Source Protection Zones and drinking abstractions	
Source Protection Zones and drinking	
Source Protection Zones and drinking abstractions	; water
Source Protection Zones and drinking abstractions Source Protection Zones Source Protection Zones in confined	water Not identified
Source Protection Zones and drinking abstractions Source Protection Zones Source Protection Zones in confined aquifer	water Not identified Not identified
Source Protection Zones and drinking abstractions Source Protection Zones Source Protection Zones in confined aquifer Drinking water abstraction licences	water Not identified Not identified
Source Protection Zones and drinking abstractions Source Protection Zones Source Protection Zones in confined aquifer Drinking water abstraction licences Hydrology	Not identified Not identified Not identified
Source Protection Zones and drinking abstractions Source Protection Zones Source Protection Zones in confined aquifer Drinking water abstraction licences Hydrology Water courses from Ordnance Survey	Not identified Not identified Not identified Identified



Screening

Flooding	
Flood storage areas: part of floodplain	Not identified
Historical flood areas	Not identified
Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences	Not identified
Flood defences	Not identified
Proposed flood defences	Not identified
Surface water flood risk	Not identified
Groundwater flooding	Not identified
Climate change	
Flood risk (5 and 30 Years)	Identified
Ground stability (5 and 30 Years)	Identified
Natural ground subsidence	
Natural ground subsidence	Identified
Natural geological cavities	Not identified
Non-natural ground subsidence	
Coal mining	Identified
Non-coal mining	Not identified
Mining cavities	Not identified
Infilled land	Not identified
Radon	
Radon	Identified
Coastal Erosion	
Complex cliffs	Not identified
Projections with active management or intervention measures in place	Not identified
Projections with no active management plan or intervention	Not identified

Oil and gas	
Oil or gas drilling well	Not identified
Proposed oil or gas drilling well	Not identified
Licensed blocks	Not identified
Potential future exploration areas	Not identified
Wind and solar	
Wind farms	Not identified
Proposed wind farms	Identified
Proposed wind turbines	Identified
Existing and agreed solar installations	Not identified
Proposed solar installations	Not identified
Energy	
Electricity transmission lines and pylons	Not identified
National Grid energy infrastructure	Not identified
Power stations	Not identified
Nuclear installations	Not identified
Large Energy Projects	Not identified
Planning constraints	
Sites of Special Scientific Interest	Not identified
Internationally important wetland sites (Ramsar Sites)	Not identified
Special Areas of Conservation	Not identified
Special Protection Areas (for birds)	Not identified
National Nature Reserves	Not identified
Local Nature Reserves	Not identified
Designated Ancient Woodland	Not identified
Green Belt	Not identified
World Heritage Sites	Not identified



Screening

Planning constraints	
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty	Not identified
National Parks	Not identified
Conservation Areas	Identified
Listed Buildings	Identified
Certificates of Immunity from Listing	Not identified
90 200	Not lacitifica
Scheduled Monuments	Not identified

01273 257 755



Screening

Methodologies and limitations

Groundsure's methodologies and limitations are available here: knowledge.groundsure.com/methodologies-and-limitations 7.

Data providers

Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information in your Screening report. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see www.groundsure.com/sources-reference <a href="https://www.groundsure.com/sources-reference

Conveyancing Information Executive and our terms & conditions

IMPORTANT CONSUMER PROTECTION INFORMATION

This search has been produced by Groundsure Ltd. Groundsure adheres to the Conveyancing Information Executive Standards.

In addition to The Property Ombudsman (TPO) redress scheme covering consumers, TPO will also provide redress to small businesses (including Charities and Trusts) and where the customer meets the following criteria:

- a small business (or group of companies) with an annual turnover of less than £3 million;
- a charity with an annual income of less than £3 million;
- a Trust with a net asset value of less than £3 million.

Complaints Advice

If you have a query or complaint about your search, you should raise it directly with the search firm, and if appropriate ask for any complaint to be considered under their formal internal complaints procedure.

If you remain dissatisfied with the firm's final response, after your complaint has been formally considered, or if the firm has exceeded the response timescales, you may refer your complaint for consideration under The Property Ombudsman scheme (TPOs). The Ombudsman can award up to £5,000 to you if the Ombudsman finds that you have suffered actual financial loss and/or aggravation, distress or inconvenience as a result of your search provider failing to keep to the Standards.

Please note that all queries or complaints regarding your search should be directed to your search provider in the first instance, not to TPOs.

COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE: If you want to make a complaint, we will:

- acknowledge it within 5 working days of receipt
- normally deal with it fully and provide a final response, in writing, within 20 working days of receipt
- liaise, at your request, with anyone acting formally on your behalf

Complaints should be sent to:

Operations Director, Groundsure Ltd, Nile House, Nile Street, Brighton, BN1 1HW. Tel: 01273 257 755. Email: info@groundsure.com If you are not satisfied with our final response, or if we exceed the response timescales, you may refer the complaint to The Property Ombudsman scheme (TPOs): Tel: 01722 333306, E-mail: admin@tpos.co.uk We will co-operate fully with the Ombudsman during an investigation and comply with their final decision.

Groundsure's Terms and Conditions can be viewed here: www.groundsure.com/terms-and-conditions-april-2023/ www.groundsure.com/terms-april-2023/ www.groundsure.com/terms-april-20

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